NSV Clinical Skills Checklist

Page 1 of 4

TASKS	E	VAL	UAT	ON		
Trainers: When rating tasks for evaluation, use the following codes: S = Satisfactory: Performs the task according to the standard guidelines U = Unsatisfactory: Does not perform the task according to the standard guidelines	(M=m	Circle odel, M		ient) M C		
All crtical steps must be performed satifactorily for the participants to be assessed as con-	mpetent.					
Prevasectomy Evaluation						
1. Greets client.						
2. Ensures that client has been appropriately counseled about the procedure.						
3. Takes medical history and performs heart, lung, and abdominal examination.						
4. *Performs genital examination.						
Preprocedure Tasks						
5. Ensures that room is warm enough to relax clients's scrotum						
6. Reviews chart for relevant medical history.	6. Reviews chart for relevant medical history.					
7. *Verifies informed consent						
8. Washes hands.						
9. Examines operative site to ensure that spermatic cords are mobile.						
10. Clips hair at operative site, if necessary.						
11. Ensures operative site is clean.						
12. Retracts the penis upward on the abdomen in the 12 o'clock position and anchor comfortably.	rs it					
13 Performs surgical scrub. Puts on sterile gloves.						
14. Prepares a syringe to administer 10 cc 1% or 5 cc 2% lidocaine (without epinepl rine). Attaches 1.5 inch (or metric equivalent) small-gauge needle (22–27 gauge)						
15. Adequately prepares operative site with body temperature antiseptic.						
16. Isolates operative site (scrotum) with sterile sheet(s) or towel(s).						
Procedure Tasks						
17. Observes and communicates with client.						

^{*}A critical step that must be performed satisfactorily for the participant to be assessed as competent.

continued

EngenderHealth NSV Curriculum 103

NSV Clinical Skills Checklist continued

Page 2 of 4

TAS	KS	E۱	VΑ	LU	ΑT	101	N
18.	*Identifies, isolates, and fixes right vas deferens under the median raphe midway between the base of the penis and the top of the testicles. Traps the right vas firmly using the three-finger technique.						
19.	*Raises skin wheal using 0.5 cc of 1% or 2% lidocaine (without epinephrine). Advances needle in the right external spermatic fascial sheath toward the inguinal ring about 1.5 in. above the wheal, aspirates, and without withdrawing the syringe slowly injects 2 to 5 cc of lidocaine into the sheath, then removes the needle.						
20.	*Uses the three-finger techniques to firmly trap the left vas. Reintroduces the needle through the puncture. Advances the needle in the left external spermatic fascial sheath toward the inguinal ring about 1.5 inches above the wheal, aspirates, and injects 2 to 5 cc of lidocaine into the sheath.						
21.	Pinches the skin wheal between the thumb and forefinger to reduce local edema, and waits 2–3 minutes for the anesthesia to take effect.						
22.	Fixes the right vas under the skin wheal, using the three-finger technique.						
23.	Applies upward pressure with the middle finger underneath the scrotum; presses the open tips of the ringed clamp onto the skin at the skin wheal overlying the vas; grasps the right vas, applying the clamp at a 90° angle perpendicular to the vas, with the palm facing up.						
For steps 24-44, fill the columns for right and left with S or U as appropriate.		R	L	R	L	R	L
24.	Checks with client to ensure that anesthesia is sufficient. If not, repeats local infiltration being sure not to exceed the maximum dose.						
25.	Elevates the entrapped vas by lowering the handle of the ringed clamp.						
26.	*Uses a quick, sharp, single movement to pierce the skin down to the vas lumen using the medial blade of the dissecting forceps, introduced at a 45° angle.						
27.	Withdraws the medial blade of the dissecting forceps, closes both blades and inserts both tips of the dissecting forceps into the puncture site to the same depth down to the vas.						
28.	Gently opens the blades of the dissecting forceps and spreads the tissue to make a skin opening twice the diameter of the vas.						
29.	Withdraws the dissecting forceps and uses the tip of the lateral blade of the disecting forceps to pierce the vas wall (or holds the dissecting forceps in line with the long axis of the vas and grasps the bare vas directly) and rotates the dissecting forceps clockwise 180°.						
30.	Delivers the vas through the puncture hole while releasing the ringed clamp, but still keeping it in place.						
31.	Grasps a partial thickness of the elevated vas with the ringed clamp.						

^{*}A critical step that must be performed satisfactorily for the participant to be assessed as competent.

continued

NSV Clinical Skills Checklist continued

Page 3 of 4

TASKS		ΕV	ΆΙ	LUA	ATIC	N
32. If the sheath is not completely dissected, with one tip of the dissecting forceps, ger punctures the vas sheath, removes and closes the dissecting forceps, then reinserts strip the vas sheath.	itiy	R	L	R	L F	ł L
Occlusion—Ligation with Excision and Fascial Interposition (For cautery occlusion, see 33A	below	v.)				
33. After carefully separating of fascia and blood vessels from the vas, ligates the prostatic end of the vas.						
34. *Cuts one end of the suture about 2–3 mm from the knot, leaving a single uncuend of about 5–7 cm in length.	ıt					
35. Ligates the testicular end about 1.5 cm from the prostatic end ligature and leaves b end of the suture to about 5–7 cm in length.	oth					
36. Excises up to 1cm of vas in between the two ligatures.						
37.*Pulls both ligatures to ensure that both stumps are separated by at least 1 cm.						
38. Ensures hemostasis.						
39. Cuts both ends of the testicular suture, leaving about 2–3 mm.						
40. *Allows both ends of the vas to drop back into their original position in the scretum by gently pulling on the scrotum with the thumb and index finger.	0-					T
41. *Very gently pulls the long suture of the prostatic end of the vas to reexpose the cut end of the vas, which will be covered with fascia.	9					
42. Gently grasps the fascia of the spermatic cord with the tip of the dissecting forceps and ties the fascia around the vas 2–3 mm below the previous tie of the prostatic en						
43. Cuts the suture and allows the stump to drop back into its original position in the scrot	um.					
44. Pulls slightly the prostatic end again up to the puncture wound and cuts the single long end of the suture.						
Occlusion—Cautery (Alternative method)						
33A. After carefully separating fascia and blood vessels, pierces the vas wall with the sharp-needle electrode and directs the tip 1.0–1.5 cm into the lumen or hemitransects the vas to permit the blunt cautery tip to enter the lumen 1.0-1.5 cm.						
34A. Applies current and withdraws the tip slowly.						
35A. After cauterizing in one direction, turns off the cautery unit to allow the tip to cool before cauterizing the vas in the other direction.						
36A. Excises up to 1cm of vas between the two cauterized segments.						
If using cautery, move on to Step 45.						

^{*}A critical step that must be performed satisfactorily for the participant to be assessed as competent.

continued

EngenderHealth NSV Curriculum 105

NSV Clinical Skills Checklist continued

Page 4 of 4

TAS	SKS	EVA	LUAT	ION		
45.	Using the three-finger technique, isolates the left vas under the puncture site					
46.	Grasps the left vas at the lower end of the puncture site with the ringed clamp.					
Rep	Repeats steps 24–44 (or steps 33A–36A, for cautery occlusion) for the left vas.					
47.	Pinches the puncture site tightly for a minute.					
48.	Inspects again for bleeding.					
49.	Secures sterile gauze dressing to the wound with a tape or a bandage.					
Postprocedure Tasks						
50.	Flushes the needle and syringe and places all instruments in a 0.5% chlorine solution for decontamination.					
51.	*Ensures the disposal of waste materials and sharps in accordance with infec-					
	tion prevention guidelines.					
52.	*Immerses both gloved hands in 0.5% chlorine solution.					
53.	 *Removes gloves by turning them inside out. If disposing of gloves, places in leak-proof container or plastic bag. If reusing surgical gloves, submerge in 0.5% chlorine for 10 minutes for decontainination 					
54.	Washes hands thoroughly with soap and water and dries with a clean cloth.					
55.	Asks client how he feels.					
56.	Provides client with written postoperative instructions and information when and where to return for follow-up.					
57.	Reviews instructions orally and asks if client has any questions.					
58.	Reviews the need for backup contraception for at least 12 weeks. Provides client with condoms, if needed.					
59.	Advises client to return for semen analysis (if available) after 12 weeks.					
*A critical stan that must be performed satisfactorily for the participant to be assessed as competent						

Evaluation for							
(print pa	articipant's na	ame)					
The participant is \Box	Competent	☐ Not competent in scrotal model practice.					
The participant is \Box	Competent	\square Not competent to deliver NSV services.					
Trainer's signature		Date					

A critical step that must be performed satisfactorily for the participant to be assessed as competent.